



**Department of Paramedical Sciences**  
**Faculty of Allied Health Sciences**  
**SGT UNIVERSITY**

Shree Guru Gobind Singh Tricentenary University

**Gurgaon-122505**

Syllabus

**B.Sc. Radio-Imaging Technology (RIT)**

**Duration: 3 years (6 Semester)**

W.e.f. Academic Session 2020-21

  
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## B.Sc Radio-Imaging Technology Scheme of Examination

Particular			Credits	Marks
<b>B.Sc. R.I.T 1<sup>st</sup> Year</b>				
<b>1<sup>st</sup> Semester</b>				
1	Human Anatomy- I (Theory)	C-BRIT-01	4	100
	Practical		2	50
2	Human Physiology-I	C-BRIT-02	4	100
3	General Microbiology & Pathology	C-BRIT-03	4	100
4	Radiation Physics & Fundamental of Medical Imaging (Theory)	C-BRIT-04	4	100
	Practical		2	50
5	Communication Skills & Personality Development	AEEC-BRIT-01	2	100
<b>Total</b>			<b>22</b>	<b>600</b>
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> Semester</b>				
1	Human Anatomy- II	C-BRIT-05	4	100
	Practical		2	50
2	Human Physiology- II	C-BRIT-06	4	100
3	Image Acquisition, Processing & Archiving (Theory)	C-BRIT-07	4	100
	Practical		2	50
4	General Radiography Positioning & terminology- I (Theory)	C-BRIT-08	4	100
	Practical		2	50
5	Fundamentals of Computer Science	ASEC-BRIT-01	2	100
<b>Total</b>			<b>24</b>	<b>650</b>
<b>B.Sc. R.I.T 2nd Year</b>				
<b>3<sup>rd</sup> Semester</b>				
1	General Radiography Positioning & terminology- II (Theory)	C-BRIT-09	4	100
	Practical		2	50
2	Ultrasound & Doppler including 4D & Echocardiography (Theory)	C-BRIT-10	4	100
	Practical		2	50
3	Radiation biology and its Hazards & Protection(Theory)	C-BRIT-11	4	100
	Practical		2	50
4	Medical Emergencies & Patient Care	C-BRIT-12	4	100
5	Environmental Sciences	AEEC-BRIT-02	4	100
<b>Total</b>			<b>26</b>	<b>650</b>
<b>BRIT 4<sup>th</sup> Semester</b>				
1	Advance Physics & Instrumentation in Digital Imaging	C-BRIT-13	4	100
2	Computed Tomography -Basic principle and techniques (Theory)	C-BRIT-14	4	100
	Practical		2	50
3	Special Investigations& Pathology (Theory)	C-BRIT-15	4	100

  
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	Practical		2	50
4	Nuclear Medicine & PET Scan (Theory)	C-BRIT-16	4	100
	Practical		2	50
5	Magnetic Resonance Imaging-Basic principle and techniques (Theory)	C-BRIT-17	4	100
	Practical		2	50
Total			28	700
B.Sc R.I.T 3 <sup>rd</sup> Year				
5 <sup>th</sup> Semester				
1	MRI Clinical Applications & Imaging protocols (Theory)	C-BRIT-18	4	100
	Practical		2	100
2	Intervention in Diagnostic Radiology (Theory)	C-BRIT-19	4	100
	Practical		2	100
3	CT Clinical Applications & Imaging Protocols (Theory)	C-BRIT-20	4	100
	Practical		2	100
4	Hospital Management & Medical Ethics	C-BRIT-21	4	100
5	Research Methodology & Biostatistics	ASEC-BRIT-02	2	50
Total			24	750
6 <sup>th</sup> Semester				
1	Evaluation of Clinical Practice & Internship (Submission of Report)	EGI/OE-BRIT-01	16	400
2	Technical Writing	EGI/OE-BRIT-02	4	100
Total			20	500
Grand Total			144	3850

  
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(BRIT)

HUMAN ANATOMY-I

B. Sc. Semester I (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 - 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks  
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

S.No.	Topics To Be Covered	Teaching Hours
UNIT-1	<b>Introduction: human body as a whole</b> Definition of anatomy and its subdivisions Anatomical nomenclature and terminology (planes & positions) Surface Anatomy of main structures and vessels	4
	<b>Applied anatomy &amp; Joints</b> Musculoskeletal system Connective tissue & its modification, tendons, membranes, special connective tissue. Bone structure, blood supply, growth, ossification, and classification. Muscle classification, structure and functional aspect. Joints classification, structures of joints, movements, range, limiting factors, stability, blood supply Nerve supply, dislocations and applied anatomy	4
UNIT-2	<b>Extremity (Lower &amp; Upper extremities)</b> Bony architecture  Joints – structure, range of movement  Muscles – origin, insertion, actions, nerve supply  Major nerves – course, branches and implications of nerve injuries Development of limb bones, muscles and anomalies  Radiographic identification of bone and joints Applied anatomy	4
	<b>Lower extremity</b> Bony architecture  Joints – structure, range of movement  Muscles – origin, insertion, actions, nerve supply  Major nerves – course, branches and implications of nerve injuries Development of limb bones, muscles and anomalies  Radiographic identification of bone and joints Applied anatomy	4

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UNIT-3	<b>Spine and thorax</b> Back muscles -Superficial layer  Deep muscles of back, their origin, insertion, action and nerve supply.  Vertebral column – Structure & Development, Structure & Joints of vertebra. Thoracic cage	4
	<b>Head and neck: Cranium</b> Facial Muscles – origin, insertion, actions, nerve supply Temporal mandibular Joints – structure, types of movement	4
UNIT-4	<b>Cardiovascular system (with relevant applied anatomy)</b> Heart-Size,location, chambers. Circulation -Systemic &pulmonary Great vessels of the heart, branches of aorta. Overview of blood vessels of upper extremity and lower extremity	4
	<b>Lymphatic system- (with relevant applied anatomy)</b> Salient features of lymphatic organs (spleen, tonsil, thymus, lymph node)	4
UNIT-5	<b>Gastro-intestinal system (with relevant applied anatomy)</b> Partsofthe gastrointestinal tract Gross anatomy of Tongue, stomach, small and large intestine, liver, gall bladder Pancreas and other digestive organ& related applied anatomy	4
	<b>Respiratory system (with relevant applied anatomy)</b> Partsof respiratory system with salient gross features of lung Brief description of intercostal muscles andPara-nasal air sinuses	4



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## HUMAN ANATOMY-I(PRACTICAL)

B. Sc. Semester I (Course Name.)

L T P Credits	Examination:	30 Marks
- - 2 Int. Assessment:	20 Marks	
	Total:	50 Marks

- 1) Identification and description of all anatomical structures.
- 2) Demonstration of dissected parts (upper extremity, lower extremity, thoracic & abdominal viscera, face and brain).
- 3) Demonstration of skeleton-articulated and disarticulated.
- 4) Surface anatomy: Surface land mark-bony, muscular and ligamentous. Surface anatomy of major nerves, arteries of the limbs.

  
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## HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-I

B. Sc. Semester I (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 - 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks  
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

UNIT-1	General Physiology Cell: morphology, Structure and function of cell organelles Structure of cell membrane	2
	Transport across cell membrane Intercellular communication Homeostasis	2
	Blood Introduction-composition & function of blood	2
	W.B.C., R.B.C., Platelets formation & functions, Immunity	1
	Plasma: composition, formation & functions, Plasma Proteins: -types & functions, Blood Groups-types, significance, determination.	2
	Hemoglobin, Haemostasis	2
	Lymph-composition, formation, circulation & functions	2
UNIT-2	Cardiovascular system Conducting system-components, impulse conduction Heart valves Cardiac cycle-definition, phases of cardiac cycle,	2
	Cardiac output-definition, normal value, determinants.	1
	Stroke volume and its regulation.	2
	Heart rate and its regulation: Arterial pulse, Blood pressure-definition, normal values, factors affecting blood pressure.	2
	Shock-definition, classification, causes and features, Basic idea of ECG, Cardiovascular changes during exercise	2
UNIT-3	Respiratory System Mechanics of respiration Lung volumes and capacities	2
	Pulmonary circulation, transport of respiratory gases	2
	Factors affecting respiration, Regulation of respiration-neural regulation, voluntary control and chemical regulation	2
	Hypoxia, Hypercapnoea, Hypocapnoea,	1
	Artificial respiration	1
	Disorders of respiration- dyspnoea, orthopnoea, hyperpnoea, hyperventilation, apnoea, Tachypnoea, Respiratory changes during exercise.	2
UNIT-4	Digestive System Digestion & absorption of nutrients, Gastrointestinal secretions & their regulation Functions of Liver & Stomach	2

  
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UNIT-5	Nervous system Introduction, central and peripheral nervous system, functions of nervous system.	1
	Reflexes-monosynaptic, polysynaptic, superficial, deep & withdrawal reflex Sense organ, receptors, electrical & chemical events in receptors.	2
	Sensory pathways for touch, temperature, pain, proprioception & others.	2
	Control of tone & posture: Integration at spinal, brain stem, cerebellar, basal ganglion levels, along with their functions.	1
	Motor mechanism: motor cortex, motor pathway: the descending tracts - pyramidal & extrapyramidal tracts-origin, course, termination & functions. Upper motor neuron and lower motor neuron paralysis. Special senses-eye, ear, nose, mouth	2
	Water excretion, concentration of urine-regulation of Na <sup>+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> , K <sup>+</sup> excretion	1
	Nerve Muscle Physiology Muscles-classification, structure, properties, Excitation, contraction, coupling, Motor unit, EMG, factors affecting muscle tension, Muscle tone, fatigue, exercise	2
	Nerve – structure and function of neurons, classification, properties Resting membrane potential & Action potential their ionic basis, All or None phenomenon Neuromuscular transmission Ionic basis of nerve conduction.	2
	Concept of nerve injury & Wallerian degeneration Synapses. Electrical events in postsynaptic neurons Inhibition & facilitation at synapses .	2
	Chemical transmission of synaptic activity Principal neurotransmitters. Chemical transmission of synaptic activity Principal neurotransmitters.	1

  
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**GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY & PATHOLOGY**  
**(B. Sc. Semester I (BRIT))**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

**MICROBIOLOGY**

**UNIT-I**

Safety measures in laboratory  
Sterilization and Disinfection: Physical Methods of Sterilization, Chemical Methods of Sterilization, Methods of Disinfection  
Normal microbial flora of human body, role of normal flora

**UNIT-II**

Introduction and morphological features of Bacteria, Fungi, Viruses, Parasites, Microbial pathogenicity  
Brief Introduction of morphology and diseases associated with of, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Mycobacterium, Aspergillus, Tinea, Mycetoma, Cryptococcus.

**PATHOLOGY**

**UNIT-III**

Basic Pathology: Pathology & its branches  
Normal cell and its functions, Various types of microscope & light microscope in details.

**UNIT-IV**

Formation of Blood, Composition and functions of blood, Various anticoagulants, their uses, mode of action and their merits & demerits. Normal hematological indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC, PCV)  
Normal and absolute values in hematology, ESR & Factors influencing ESR and various procedures for its estimation.

  
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## Radiation Physics & fundamental of medical imaging (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester I (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>Exposure switches and Timer / AEC</b> Exposure switches and relays timers and its radiographic application. Electronic Timers; Automatic Exposure Control Timers, Phototimer	4
	Beam limiting devices, Absorption co-efficient, grids, cones and filter.	2
	<b>General Physics &amp; Electric circuit</b> Electrical charges, potential difference, current and resistance. Ohms Law for electrical circuit, direct current, alternating current, conductors, semiconductors, insulators, power, ammeter and voltmeter.	
	Electromagnetism Electromagnetic Induction: Self and Mutual, Capacitor, capacitance	
	Electric supply & Distribution; diagnostic X-Ray circuits- X-Ray Tube	
<b>UNIT-2</b>	<b>X-ray generator</b> <b>Transformers</b> Types of transformers, Generator & its type	
	The Tube Stand and Control of panel: Rectification; diodes and rectifiers, semiconductors, Incoming light circuits (Phases – Single & Triple Phase modes, Three Phase 6-pulse mode, Three phase 12- pulse mode; Specialized X-Ray Generators, capacitor discharge generator & Transformers.	
	Basic X-Ray circuits transformers laws and types used in X-Ray machine. The rectification of high tension, control of kilovoltage, filament circuit and tube current	
<b>UNIT-3</b>	<b>History of x-ray</b> <b>Production of x-ray &amp; its property</b> <b>Interaction of x-ray with matter</b> <b>Attenuation</b>	
<b>UNIT-4</b>	<b>X-Ray Tubes</b> <b>Construction of various x-ray tube &amp; handling</b> Fixed and rotating anode, faults in X-Ray tubes, Grid Controlled X-Ray Tube, Mammography X-Ray Tube.	4
	Heavy Duty X-Ray Tube, Micro-Focus X-Ray Tube; Tube Rating and Tube Support- Tube heat Ratings	4

  
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	<b>Advancement of X-ray tube</b>	
	Line Focus principle, Anode Cooling chart, Type of X-Ray Tube Stands	2
	Tube overload indication, X-Ray Tube over Load Protection Circuits, Grid, Heel effect, Beam limiting devices	2
<b>UNIT-5</b>	Introduction & Handling of Portable and Non- Portable equipment	2
	Care and maintenance	6
	Maintenance and care of all X-Ray equipment and accessories	

**Radiation Physics & fundamental of medical imaging(Practical)**  
**B. Sc. Semester I (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
- - 2

**Examination: 30 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 20 Marks**  
**Total: 50 Marks**

- 1) X-Ray tubes and accessories, general features.
- 2) Portable X-Ray Equipment.
- 3) Image intensifier, its features, spot film.
- 4) Radiation protection devices
- 5) Effects of kV and mAs.
- 6) Maintenance of X-ray equipment and accessories.
- 7) Mammography X-Ray tube
- 8) Dental X-Ray unit.



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**Communication Skills and Personality Development**  
**B. Sc. Semester I (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

Sl. No	TOPICS TO BE COVERED	Teaching Hours
Unit-I	<p>Listening Comprehension</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Speeches</li> <li>• Interviews</li> <li>• audio-video clippings followed by exercises</li> <li>• Introduction to Communication</li> <li>• Importance of Communication</li> <li>• Barriers to Communication and ways to overcome them</li> </ul>	10 hours
Unit-II	<p>Conversation Skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Greetings and Introducing oneself</li> <li>• Framing questions and answers</li> <li>• Role play</li> <li>• Buying: asking details etc</li> <li>• Word formation strategies</li> <li>• Vocabulary building: Antonyms, Synonyms, Affixation, Suffixation, One word substitution</li> </ul>	8 Hours
Unit-III	<p>Reading Comprehension</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Simple narration and Stories</li> <li>• Newspaper and articles clippings</li> <li>• Sentence types</li> <li>• Note Making</li> <li>• Paragraph Writing</li> <li>• Comprehension</li> <li>• Report Writing: types, characteristics</li> </ul>	12 Hours

  
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**HUMAN Anatomy - II**  
**B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>Urinary system (with relevant applied anatomy)</b> Parts of urinary system Salient gross features of kidney, urinary bladder, ureter and urethra.	<b>6</b>
<b>UNIT-2</b>	<b>Reproductive system</b> Parts of male and female reproductive system with salient gross features of testis & uterus, ovary and fallopian tube	<b>8</b>
<b>UNIT-3</b>	<b>Endocrine glands</b> List of the endocrine glands, their position and salient gross features Hormones produced by each endocrine glands <b>Embryology</b> Spermatogenesis & oogenesis Ovulation, fertilization, Placenta, Fetal circulation	<b>6</b>
<b>UNIT-4</b>	<b>Nervous system</b> Classification of the nervous system, Definitions of central, peripheral and autonomic nervous system Neuron- structure and classification, neuroglia Names of lobes of Cerebrum and cerebellum, Parts of brainstem (salient features only) .Cerebrospinal fluid and its circulation, names of cranial nerves, spinal nerve, meninges, ventricles ( salient features only)	<b>8</b>
<b>UNIT-5</b>	<b>Sensory organs</b> Skin: Its appendages and functions Eye: Parts of eye and its structure Ear: Parts of ear- external, middle and inner ear and contents..	<b>6</b>

  
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## **HUMAN ANATOMY-II (PRACTICAL)**

**B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)**

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>- - 2 Int. Assessment:</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

- 5) Identification and description of all anatomical structures.
- 6) Demonstration of dissected parts
- 7) Demonstration of skeleton-articulated and disarticulated.
- 8) Surface anatomy: Surface land mark-bony, muscular and ligamentous. Surface anatomy of major nerves, arteries of the limbs.



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**Human Physiology - II**  
**B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>Renal System</b> Physiology of kidney and urine formation Glomerular filtration rate, clearance, Tubular function	6
<b>UNIT-2</b>	<b>Physiology of urinary bladder and urethra</b> Ureter, bladder, urethra	6
<b>UNIT-3</b>	<b>Digestive System</b> Digestion & absorption of nutrients, Gastrointestinal secretions & their regulation Functions of Liver & Stomach	8
<b>UNIT-4</b>	<b>Endocrinology</b> Physiology of the endocrine glands – Hormones secreted by these glands	2
	Their classifications and functions.	2
	Adrenal, Gonads	2
	Thymus, Pancreas.	2
	Pituitary,	2
	Pineal Body,	2
	Thyroid, Parathyroid	2
<b>UNIT-5</b>	<b>Male &amp; female reproductive system</b> Male -Functions of testes, pubertal changes in males,	2
	Testosterone -action & regulations of secretion.	2
	Female -Functions of ovaries and uterus, pubertal changes, Menstrual cycle, estrogens and progesteron -action and regulation	2



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## Image Acquisition, Processing & Archiving

B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	X-ray film and Image processing Composition of single and double coated radiographic films, Screen & Non Screen films, structure of film, characteristic curve. Characteristics (speed, base + fog, gamma, latitude).	2
	Effect of grain size on film response to exposure, interpretation of characteristics curve, latent image formation, process of film developing (composition of developer, Fixer and other processing solution).	2
	Common errors and faults while processing (densitometry), automatic processing unit (processing cycle), developer & Fixer replenishment and silver recovery	2
<b>UNIT-2</b>	Film storage and handling Film storage rules and guidelines, film handling and care	2
	Intensifying screens and cassettes Size, construction and function, types of intensifying screens and relative advantage, loading and unloading of cassettes and their care/maintenance, effects of kV and mA on variation of emitted radiation intensity, determination of relative speeds, film contrast, film screen contact	2
<b>UNIT-3</b>	Image Processing Image formation, latent image, processing: manual processing, automatic processing.	4
	Developer, fixer, rinser components, replenisher.	2
	Manual technique of developing film	2
	Automatic film processor	2
	Common errors in processing	2
<b>UNIT-4</b>	Factors affecting image quality Meaning of radiographic image contrast, density, resolution, sharpness, magnification and distortion of image, noise and blur, radiographic illuminators and viewing conditions, visual acuity and resolution, quality assurance of the related equipment and its benefits with respect to visual assessment	5
<b>UNIT-5</b>	Dark Room Introduction, purpose and location of dark room, layout of dark room, entrance, pass box, hatch, hangers, safe light, criteria of safe light, safe light test	5
	DICOM Introduction, advantages, disadvantages	1
	Digital Radiography & Computed Radiography Introduction, advantages, disadvantages	2

  
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	PACS, Teleradiology	4
	Introduction, advantages, disadvantages (Functions with HIS/RIS)	

**Image Acquisition, Processing & Archiving**  
B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
- - 2 Int. Assessment:	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

Topic
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Loading and unloading of X-ray Films, Technique, Safety concern, Handling in loading and unloading films</li> <li>○ Dark Room Procedures</li> <li>○ Developer, fixer content. Developing technique, Fixing technique</li> <li>○ Safe light test</li> <li>○ Safe light principal, benefits and its location</li> <li>○ Cleaning &amp; maintenance of Cassette.</li> <li>○ Safe and hygienic handling of cassettes and maintenance</li> <li>○ Light leakage test in Cassettes</li> <li>○ Cassettes safety and image quality features</li> <li>○ Handling and storage of X-ray Film &amp; Film Boxes</li> <li>○ Handling of X-ray films, easy to achieve locations, safe places of storage.</li> <li>○ Using techniques of films by size of open boxes</li> <li>○ Editing images in CR &amp; Taking prints</li> <li>○ Application of CR, its instrumentations, DRY and Laser printer, CR Printer's application.</li> <li>○ DICOM</li> <li>○ Application, Functions, Features and its advantages.</li> <li>○ Automatic processor</li> <li>○ Application, principal. Working technique, work load handling in automatic processor.</li> </ul>

  
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## General Radiography Positioning & terminology- I (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 - 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks  
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

UNIT-1	<b>Role of Radiographer in Hospital practice and Patient care</b>  Appearance of radiographer, behaviour of radiographer, professional conduct, code of ethics  Handling of emergency patient, Steps for handling MLC case atient	2
UNIT-2	<b>All View and techniques of Chest radiography which must includes indication, contra indication, prepration, technique.</b>  <b>Chest</b>  ROUTINE, PA, Lateral, SPECIAL, AP supine or semierect, Lateral decubitus, AP lordotic, Anterior oblique, Posterior oblique,	2
	<b>Upper Airway</b>  ROUTINE, Lateral, AP,	1
	<b>Sternum</b>  ROUTINE, RAO, Lateral,	1
	<b>Sternoclavicular Joints</b>  ROUTINE, PA, oblique,	1
	<b>Ribs</b>  ROUTINE, Posterior ribs (AP) or anterior ribs (PA)— bilateral study, • unilateral rib (AP/PA) study, axillary ribs (anterior or posterior oblique) • PA chest	2
UNIT-3	<b>All Views and techniques of Upper Limb Fingers</b>	2

  
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	ROUTINE, PA, PA oblique, Lateral	
	<b>Thumb</b> ROUTINE, AP, PA oblique, Lateral, SPECIAL • AP, Modified Robert's method, PA stress (Folio method) projection	2
	<b>Hand,</b> ROUTINE • PA, PA oblique, Lateral (fan), Lateral (extension and flexion), SPECIAL • AP oblique bilateral (Norgaard method),	2
	<b>Wrist</b> ROUTINE • PA (AP), PA oblique, Lateral SPECIAL • Scaphoid views- CR angle, ulnar deviation, • Modified Skecher method, • Radial deviation, • Carpal canal inferosuperior, Carpal bridge, Ball catcher view,	2
	<b>Forearm,</b> ROUTINE • AP, Lateral	1
	<b>Elbow Joint</b> ROUTINE • AP, Fully extended, Partially flexed, AP obliques, Lateral (external) rotation, Medial (internal) rotation, Lateral, SPECIAL • Acute flexion (Jones method), Trauma axial laterals (Coyle method), • Radial head laterals,	2
	<b>Humerus,</b> ROUTINE • AP, Rotational lateral, Horizontal beam lateral	1
	<b>HUMERUS &amp; SHOULDER GIRDLE</b> Humerus (Nontrauma Routine) ROUTINE • AP, AP rotational lateral, Horizontal beam lateral, SPECIAL • Transthoracic lateral, Shoulder (Non trauma Routine) ROUTINE	2



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP external rotation (AP), AP internal rotation (lateral), SPECIAL</li> <li>• inferosuperior axial (lawrence method), PAtransaxillary (Hobbsmodification),</li> <li>• inferosuperior axial (Clements modification), Posterior oblique— glenoid cavity (Grashey method), Tangential projection— intertubercular groove (Fisk modification)</li> </ul>	
	<b>Shoulder</b> (Trauma Routine) ROUTINE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP neutral rotation (AP), Transthoracic lateral (lawrence method),</li> <li>• Scapular Y lateral,</li> </ul> SPECIAL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tangential projection— supraspinatus outlet (neer method),</li> <li>• AP apical oblique axial (Garth method),</li> </ul>	2
	<b>Clavicle</b> ROUTINE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP, AP axial,</li> </ul>	1
	<b>AC Joints</b> ROUTINE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP bilateral with weights, AP bilateral without weights,</li> </ul>	1
	<b>Scapula</b> ROUTINE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP, lateral, erect, Recumbent</li> </ul>	2
UNIT-4	<b>All Views and techniques of Lower Limb</b> <b>Toes</b> ROUTINE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP, oblique, Lateral,</li> </ul> SPECIAL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sesamoids (tangential)</li> </ul>	2
	<b>Foot</b> ROUTINE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP, oblique, Lateral,</li> </ul> SPECIAL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AP and lateral weight-bearing,</li> </ul>	2
	<b>Calcaneus</b> ROUTINE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plantodorsal (axial), Lateral,</li> </ul>	1
	<b>Ankle</b>	2



	<b>ROUTINE</b> • AP, AP mortise (15°), Lateral, <b>SPECIAL</b> • oblique (45°), AP stress,	
	<b>Leg</b> <b>ROUTINE</b> • AP, Lateral, <b>Knee</b> <b>ROUTINE</b> • AP, oblique, Lateral, <b>SPECIAL</b> • AP (PA) weightbearing, PA axial weightbearing (Rosenberg method)	2
	<b>Knee—Intercondylar Fossa</b> <b>ROUTINE</b> • PA axial (Camp Coventry and Holmblad methods with variations), <b>SPECIAL- AP axial,</b>	1
	<b>Patella and Femoro-Patellar Joint</b> <b>ROUTINE</b> • PA, Lateral, Tangential (Merchant method), • Tangential (inferosuperior projection; Hughston, Settegast, and superoinferior sitting tangential methods- Hobbs)	2
<b>Unit-5</b>	<b>Dental Radiography</b> Introduction, oral radiography (Intra & extra), bitewing, periapical, panoramic imaging- OPG cephalometry etc. <b>Ward radiography</b> <b>All bedside radiography</b>	



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**General Radiography Positioning & terminology- I (Practical)**  
**B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)**

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>- - 2 Int. Assessment:</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

<b>Topic</b>
<b>Regional Radiography:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. All Views and techniques of Upper Limb: Fingers, Hand, Carpal Tunnel, Wrist Joint, Ball catcher view, Forearm, Elbow Joint, Head of Radius and Ulna, Humerus, all view of Shoulder joint like Acromio-clavicular joint, Scapula, Sterno – Clavicular joint etc.</li><li>b. All Views and techniques of Lower Limb: Toes, Foot, Calcaneum, Inter-condylar Notch, Ankle Joint, Tibia and Fibula, Patella, Knee joint, Femur.</li><li>c. All View and techniques Chest: lung fields and heart, diaphragm, Sternum,</li></ul>

  
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## FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE-II

B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 - 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks  
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

### UNIT-I

#### Introduction:

What are computers, Application areas, Characteristics & limitations, Evolution of computers, Classification & generations of computers, Data representation in computer memory (numbering system)

#### Computers Architecture /Organization:

Basic architecture, Functional Block diagram, Types of computers on the basis of purpose, Signal and Portability.

### UNIT-II

#### Hardware:

CPU their generations and performance parameters, Input, output and storage devices. Primary (Main) Memories (RAM, ROM, Types of RAM and ROM, Cache Memory, Registers and types of registers, Storage Evaluation Criteria, Memory Capacity), Secondary Storage Devices: (Magnetic Disk, Floppy and Hard Disk, USBs, Optical Disks CD-ROMs)

#### Software:

Types: System Software (Machine Level Languages, Operating Systems, Device Specific Drivers), Higher Level Languages, and Applications

### UNIT-III

Languages: Machine Language, Assembly Languages, Programming Languages. Use of Compilers, Assemblers, Linkers, Loaders and interpreters in programming languages

Operating System: Booting/Start Up Procedure of machines, Introduction to Operating System, Functions and Classification of Operating Systems, Basic introduction to DOS, UNIX/LINUX OS, Windows

HTML, Use of Multimedia, Computer aided teaching and testing  
Application Software MS office (Word, Excel and Powerpoint)

### UNIT-IV



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**Basic Introduction to Computer Networks:**

Data Communication, Network devices (Hub, Switches, Modems, and Routers etc), LAN, LAN topologies, WAN, MAN, Internet: Introduction, Basics of E-mail, Web browsers (IE, Google Chrome, and Mozilla Firefox),

Structure of Universal Resource Locator, Domains (.com, .in, .country specific, .org and rationale behind them), IP address, Backbone network, Network connecting devices, HTTP, DNS, Network Security and Search Engine.



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**General Radiography Positioning & terminology- II (Theory)**

**B. Sc. Semester III (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>All Views of Hip and Pelvis</b>  <b>Pelvis and/or Bilateral Hips</b>  ROUTINE Mid- and distal femur:  • AP projection, lateral projection, AP pelvis or bilateral hips, AP bilateral frog-leg, (modified cleaves method) SPECIAL, AP axial outlet projections, (Taylor method), AP axial inlet projection, Posterior oblique acetabulum, (Judet method). Posterior axial oblique acetabulum, (Teufel method)	<b>4</b>
	<b>Hip and Proximal Femur</b>  ROUTINE  • AP unilateral hip,  TRAUMA LATERAL  • axiolateral inferosuperior (Danelius-Miller method), SPECIAL NONTRAUMA LATERAL  • unilateral frog-leg (modified cleaves method),  SPECIAL TRAUMA LATERAL  • Modified axiolateral (clements-nakayama method)	<b>2</b>
<b>UNIT-2</b>	<b>All Views and techniques of Skull</b>  <b>Skull Series</b>  ROUTINE  • AP axial (Towne method), lateral, PA axial 15° (Caldwell method) or PA axial 25° to 30°, PA 0°,	<b>2</b>



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<p><b>SPECIAL</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• submentovertex (SMV), PA axial (Haas method),</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Facial Bones (Orbits)</b></p> <p>ROUTINE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• lateral, Parietoacanthial (Waters method), PA axial (Caldwell method),</li> </ul> <p>SPECIAL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• modified Parietoacanthial (modified Waters method),</li> </ul>	1
<p><b>Nasal Bones</b></p> <p>ROUTINE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• lateral, Parietoacanthial (Waters method),</li> </ul> <p>SPECIAL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• superoinferior (axial),</li> </ul>	2
<p><b>Zygomatic Arches</b></p> <p>ROUTINE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• submentovertex (SMV),</li> <li>• oblique inferosuperior (tangential),</li> <li>• AP axial (modified Towne method),</li> <li>• PA parietoacanthial (Waters method),</li> </ul>	2
<p><b>Optic Foramina and Orbits</b></p> <p>ROUTINE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parieto-orbital oblique (rhese method),</li> <li>• Parietoacanthial (Waters method),</li> </ul> <p>SPECIAL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• modified parietoacanthial (modified Waters method),</li> </ul>	2
<p><b>Mandible</b></p> <p>ROUTINE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• axiolateral oblique, PA 0° and 20° to 25° cephalad, AP axial (Towne</li> </ul>	2



	method), SPECIAL • submentovertex (SMV), • Orthopantomography (panoramic tomography),	
	<b>TMJs</b> ROUTINE • AP axial (modified Towne method), SPECIAL • axiolateral 15° oblique (modified law method), • axiolateral (schuller method),	2
	<b>Paranasal Sinuses</b> ROUTINE • lateral, PA (Caldwell method), Parietoacanthial (Waters method), SPECIAL • submentovertex (SMV), Parietoacanthialtransoral (open mouth Waters method),	2
<b>UNIT- 3</b>	<b>All Views and techniques of Vertebral Column</b> <b>Cervical Spine</b> ROUTINE • AP open mouth (C1 and C2), AP axial, oblique, lateral, lateral, horizontal beam, SPECIAL • Cervicothoracic lateral (Twining method, swimmer's technique), • lateral hyperflexion and hyperextension, AP (Fuchs method) and PA (Judd method), AP "wagging jaw" (ottonello method), AP axial (pillar),	4



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	<b>Thoracic Spine</b> ROUTINE • AP, lateral, SPECIAL- oblique,	1
	<b>Lumbar Spine</b> ROUTINE • AP (or PA), obliques—posterior or anterior, Lateral, Lateral L5-S1, SPECIAL • AP axial L5-S1,	2
	<b>Scoliosis Series</b> ROUTINE • PA (AP)—erect and/ or recumbent, erect lateral, SPECIAL • AP (Ferguson method), AP (PA)—R and L bending,	2
	<b>Spinal Fusion Series</b> ROUTINE • AP(PA)—R and L bending (same as for scoliosis series), • Lateral— hyperextension and hyperflexion,	1
	<b>Sacrum and Coccyx</b> ROUTINE • AP axial sacrum, AP axial coccyx, Lateral sacrum, Lateral coccyx,	2
	<b>Sacroiliac (SI) Joints</b> ROUTINE • AP axial, Posterior oblique,	1
UNIT-4	<b>All views and techniques Abdomen</b> <b>Abdomen (KUB)</b>	2



	<b>ROUTINE</b> • AP supine, <b>SPECIAL</b> • PAprone, Lateral decubitus (AP), AP erect, dorsal decubitus (lateral), • Lateral,	
	<b>Acute Abdomen</b> (Three-Way, with PA Chest) <b>ROUTINE</b> • AP supine, AP erect, PA chest erect, <b>SPECIAL</b> • Left lateral decubitus (AP),	2
<b>UNIT-5</b>	<b>Skeletal Survey</b> All views required for skeletal survey, <b>OT Radiography &amp; instrumentation</b>	2

**General Radiography Positioning & terminology- II (Practical)**  
**B. Sc. Semester II (BRIT)**

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>- - 2 Int. Assessment:</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

<b>Topic</b>
<b>Regional Radiography:.</b> a. All Views of Hip and Pelvis: Theatre procedure for Hip, Pinning and Reduction, Pelvis, Sacro-ilac Joint, Pelvis Bone, Acetabulum. b. All Views and techniques of Skull: Cranium, facial bones, temporal bones, temporo-mandibular joints, mandible, Paranasal Sinuses. c. All Views and techniques of Vertebral Column: Cervical Spine, Thoracic spine, Lumbar spine, Sacrum, Coccyx d. All views and techniques Abdomen: Gastro-intestinal tract, urinary tract Skeletal Survey.



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## Ultrasound, Doppler including 4D&Echocardiography

B. Sc. Semester III (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>Ultrasound</b> Principle & history of Ultrasound, advantages and disadvantages of ultrasound, Types of Ultrasound, Equipment description	2
	<b>Mode of USG &amp; its type</b>	
	Indication and Clinical Application	2
	Physics of ultrasound imaging, Physics of transducers, <b>construction &amp; its type</b> , Physics of Doppler USG & its type	2
	Ultrasound tissue characterization	2
	Potential for three dimensional ultrasound	2
<b>UNIT-2</b>	Artifacts in ultrasound	2
	Comparison of ultrasound equipment Computerization of data, Image recording,	1
	Ultrasound jelly & Safety of ultrasound	2
	<b>Role of AI in modern diagnostic radiology</b>	
	<b>Tissue harmonic imaging</b>	
<b>UNIT-3</b>	<b>Clinical application of USG</b> <b>Abdomen and pelvis ultrasound</b> Pathologies and indications, patient preparation, positioning and scanning technique	2
	<b>Role of USG elastography &amp; its technique</b>	
	<b>Orbit, Neck, Sub-mandibular gland, Thorax, Breast, &amp; Scrotum</b> Pathologies and indications, patient preparation, positioning and scanning technique	4
	<b>Color Doppler imaging, The obstetric Ultrasound examination</b> Method of gynecologic ultrasound examination, Assessment of Normal fetal growth, fetal behavior states, fetal breathing movements, fetal cardiac activity	5
<b>UNIT-4</b>	<b>USG Contrast Media</b> Types of Ultrasound Contrast media and its advantages <b>Care &amp; maintenance QA &amp; QC &amp; USG equipment</b>	5
<b>UNIT-5</b>	<b>Echocardiography</b> Equipment, Introduction, indication and image formation.	4

  
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	Uses of color Doppler in echocardiography and equipment description with transducer	4
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**Ultrasound, Doppler including 4D&Echocardiography (Practical)**  
**B. Sc. Semester III (BRIT)**

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
- - 2 Int. Assessment:	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

**PRACTICAL**

**USG:** Equipment, Transducer, Applications of various procedures in well-equipped Hospitals and Diagnostic Centers

Patient Preparation for ultrasound whole abdomen, upper abdomen, lower abdomen (pelvis), Obstetrics (pregnancy) Level- I & II

Contrast media in USG

**Imaging of mammography,** positioning, all views, operation of mammography equipment, types of film and screen in mammography.

**Echocardiography:** Indication and image formation. Uses of color Doppler in echocardiography and equipment description with transducer



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**Radiation biology and its Hazards & Protection**  
B. Sc. Semester III (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>National &amp; international regulatory agency</b> Principles, history & development- National & international agencies, AERB, BARC, ICRP, WHO, IAEA and their role.	2
	<b>AERB safety code and ethics</b> <b>Guideline of AERB for installation of x-ray or CT unit</b> Built in safety specifications for diagnostic x-ray, Fluoroscopy and CT units X-ray examinations associated with illness, not associated with illness, medico-legal or insurance purpose x-ray examination, medical research x-ray avoidance of unnecessary radiation dose	4
<b>UNIT-2</b>	<b>Radiation Units &amp; Quantities</b> Principle of radiation protection(Justification, optimization (ALARA), dose limit) Cardinal principle, KERMA, Equivalent dose, Effective dose, Absorbed dose, MPD Tissue weighting factor, Exposure-Roentgen, RBE, LET & its type, Radiation weighting factor. Concepts of workload use factor occupancy factor & distance.  Specifications for radiation protection devices-room layout.	4
	Operational safety-Radiation protection programme	2
<b>Unit-3</b>	<b>Biological effects of radiation &amp; emergency</b> Interaction of radiation with tissue, cellular radio biology, response of organ system to radiation. Effects on cell-stochastic & deterministic effects-radiation risk-tissues at risk-genetic, somatic & fetus risk-risk at other industries, Acute radiation syndrome, radiation induced, carcinogenesis, hereditary effect, cell survival, radiation exposure & tissue doses	6



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<b>UNIT -4</b>	<b>Planning of diagnostic equipment installation</b> Planning of x-ray equipment installation, layout, design as per regulatory guidelines. Barrier design barrier materials-concrete, brick & lead. Primary & secondary barrier design calculations. Design of doors. protection from primary, secondary radiation Leakage and scattered radiation.	8
		4
<b>UNIT-5</b>	<b>Personnel Monitoring&amp; protective Devices</b> Personnel monitoring systems Principle and objective-film badge: guidelines for use thermo-luminescent dosimeter badge-pocket dosimeter, OSLD Area monitoring and radiation survey Practical use of survey meter, GM counter, Gas ionization, zone monitors and phantoms. Survey in x-ray, fluoroscopy and CT scan units, Responsibility of RSO Protective Devices includes: shielding devices like lead apron, gloves, thyroid shield, gonadal sheath, goggles, lead barrier, etc.	

### **Radiation biology and its Hazards& Protection(Practical)**

**B. Sc. Semester III (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**

- - 2 Int. Assessment:

**Examination:**

**20 Marks**

**30 Marks**

**Total:**

**50 Marks**

- 1) Knowledge of all hazards, education of general Public by posters and seminars
  - 2) Safety of women and children , pregnant women, safety of patient attendants, radiation workers and hospital staff, checking of lead aprons, leakage radiation from tube head, radiation survey in and around X – ray installation.
  - 3) Use of TLD film badges, GM counters, Scintillation detectors, Liquid scintillator, Pocket dosimeters and use of protective devices etc. Keeping of dose records of radiation workers, steps after high exposure report and investigations.
  - 4) Biological effects of radiation- The cell effect of ionizing radiation on cell. Somatic effects and hereditary effect. Stochastic and deterministic effect.
  - 5) Use of TLD film badges, GM counters, Scintillation detectors, Liquid scintillator, Pocket dosimeters and use of protective devices etc. Keeping of dose records of radiation workers, steps after high exposure report and investigations.
  - 6) Biological effects of radiation- The cell effect of ionizing radiation on cell. Somatic effects and hereditary effect. Stochastic and deterministic effect.
- Quality Assurance & Quality Control**
- 7) Quality control tests for X-ray unit, Quality control tests for radiation leakage, Quality control tests for cassettes, Quality control tests for radiation shielding devices.

  
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## ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

B. Sc. Semester III (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 - 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks  
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

### Unit 1:

The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

- Definition, scope and importance.
- Need for public awareness.

### Natural Resources

Renewable and non-renewable resources: Natural resources and associated problems.

- Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.
- Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams benefits and problems.
- Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.
- Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

### Unit 2:

Ecosystems

- Concept of an ecosystem.
- Structure and function of an ecosystem.
- Producers, consumers and decomposers.
- Energy flow in the ecosystem.
- Ecological succession.
- Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.

Biodiversity and its conservation

- Hot-spots of biodiversity.
- Threats to biodiversity : habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts





- Conservation of biodiversity : In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

### **Unit 3:**

#### **Environmental Pollution**

Definition, causes, effects and control measures of:-

- a. Air pollution
- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards
- Solid waste Management : Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.
- Fireworks, their impacts and hazards
- Pollution case studies.
- Disaster management : floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

### **Unit 4 :**

#### **Social Issues and the Environment**

- From Unsustainable to Sustainable development
- Urban problems related to energy
- Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies.
- Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions.
- Consumerism and waste products.
- Environmental Legislation (Acts and Laws)
- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation

#### **Human Population and the Environment**

- Population growth, variation among nations with case studies
- Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes and Family Planning Programmes
- Human Rights.
- Value Education.
- Women and Child Welfare.



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## **Medical Emergencies & Patient Care**

**B. Sc. Semester III (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**

**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**

**Total: 100 Marks**

**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

### **Unit – I: Introduction to Emergency Services**

Organization of Emergency Department, Guidelines in Emergency, Clinical Monitoring, Fluid Therapy and Blood Transfusion, Airway Management, Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation, Principal of Mechanical Ventilation, Injection – An Infusion Method, Acid Base and Electrolyte Imbalance

### **Unit – II: Handling of Different Emergencies**

Cardiogenic Shock, Congestive Cardiac Failure, Myocardial Infarction, Head Injuries, Vasovagal Syncope, Seizer, Epilepsy, Conjunctival and Corneal Foreign Body, Foreign Body in Nose & in Ear, Epistaxis, Asthma, COPD, Haemoptysis, Rib Fracture, Tear Gas Exposure, Food Poisoning, Diarrhea, Urine Retention, Blunt Scrotal Trauma, Hypo & Hyperthermia

### **Unit – III: Fundamentals of Patient Care**

Concept of health & Illness, Health Determinants, Concept of Patients & Their Types, Patient Centred Care & Fundamentals of Communications, Reporting & Recording of Patients, Rights of Patients , Concepts of Disease & Its Types, General Concept, Care & Prevention of Accident, Trauma & Infections

### **Unit – IV: Patient Care, Associated Units & Departments**

Ambulatory Units, Critical Care Units ,Paediatric, Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU), Emergency Department, Inpatient Units, Haematology/Oncology and Immunology Unit , Orthopaedic Unit, Psychiatry Unit ,Neurology and Neurosurgical Unit, Renal, Dialysis Unit, Gastroenterology/Endocrinology Unit, Life Flight Critical Care Transport Program, Radiology Department, Surgical Units, Cardiac Catheterization Lab, Operating Room, Post Anaesthesia Care Unit, Managing patients with disabilities, Geriatric Care, Care of Critically Ill Patients, Tracheotomise Patients. Nutritional Support in ICU

  
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**Advance Physics & Instrumentation in Digital imaging**  
**B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>Role of Mammography in Imaging</b> History of mammography, Mammographic equipment Mammographic radiation dose and exposure	2
	Dedicated mammographic unit and its special features Types of mammography, Routine Mammographic Positioning & Views with additional views and technical considerations Wire localization in mammography BI-RADS Term, Limitation of mammography	4
<b>UNIT-2</b>	Beam limiting Device in mammography Radiation Hazard, prevention, protection and Safety in Breast Imaging Film screen mammography, Digital mammography, USG Guided FNAC & Biopsy of Breast's abnormal collection or tissue	2
<b>UNIT-3</b>	Introduction of DEXA Equipment of DEXA Role of DEXA in osteopenia & osteoporosis Recommendation of WHO for calculating T-score & z-score in case of various condition.	
<b>UNIT-4</b>	Xero radiography, Copying/Duplication radiography	
<b>UNIT-5</b>	<b>Fluoroscopy (conventional &amp; IITV) and C-arm its principle &amp; construction</b> Conventional Tomography, CR, Digital Fluoroscopic & DR Role of AI in modern imaging- ML, DL etc. QA & QC of each equipment- Purpose, benefits and record maintain	



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## Computed Tomography -Basic principle and techniques (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**

**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

UNIT-1	C.T. Scan Basic principle of CT scan history of CT Scan	Must Know	6
	EMI- History, System design etc		
	CT Equipment description& Instrumentation CT gantry, patient table, CT computer & image processing system, image display, storage & recording, CT control console, other accessory		
	Computed Tomography Scanning principle	Must Know	6
	Data acquisition, Data processing, Image display		
	Image reconstruction& its types		
	Image manipulation& Post processing Introduction, clinical use, advantages, disadvantages of MPR, MIP, SSD, CPR, VR		
	Scanning parameters		
UNIT-2	Generation of CT Scanner 1 <sup>st</sup> generation, 2 <sup>nd</sup> generation, 3 <sup>rd</sup> generation, 4 <sup>th</sup> generation, Slip ring technology, spiral/helical scanning, EBCT, Dual source scanning, flat panel detector Advantages and disadvantages	Must Know	6
UNIT-3	<b>Image Quality in CT</b> pixel, voxel, Image Brightness, spatial resolution, Contrast resolution, quantum mottle, Sharpness, Window width, Window level, Isotropic Imaging, CT Number, Pitch	Must Know	6
UNIT-4	<b>CT Scan Radiation Dose &amp; Radiobiology</b> Attenuation of X-ray in tissue, Equivalent dose, effective dose, absorbed dose, tissue weighting factor, Organ dose from X-Ray procedure, CT dosimetry, CTDI, DLP, KERMA, occupancy factor, CT phantom, Patient Dose Radiation risk, Risk to generic Patient, Increasing radiation burden from Medical Imaging	Must know	10
UNIT-5	<b>QA &amp; QC of CT scanner &amp; artefacts</b> Purpose benefit, record maintaining of QA & QC. <b>Artefacts</b> Definition, manifestation & Remedy Motion artefact, metal artefact, out of field artefact, beam hardening artefact, partial volume averaging artefact, ring artefact, pitch artefact, stair step artefact,	Must Know	6

  
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## **Computed Tomography -Basic principle and techniques (Practical)**

**B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)**

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>- - 2 Int. Assessment:</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

- 1) Physics, scanning principle and image formation in CT
- 2) Identification of different parts of CT scanner
- 3) Applications of various procedures in well-equipped Hospitals and Diagnostic Centers
- 4) Quality control of CT

  
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## Special Investigations & Pathology (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination:** 60 Marks  
**Int. Assessment:** 40 Marks  
**Total:** 100 Marks  
**Duration of Examination:** 3 Hours

<b>UNIT-1</b>	<b>Patient preparation for Special procedure and related contrast Media</b>	2
	Contrast media,	
	Types of contrast media,	
	Contra indications for contrast media	2
	Reactions to contrast	
	Anaphylactic shock	
	Myocardial Infarction.	2
<b>UNIT-2</b>	Emergency in Radiology Department	
	Emergency drugs and its dose	
	<b>Excretory System</b>	2
	Introduction, pathology of urinary system, indications, apparatus, procedure and patient care.	
	Intravenous pyelography/Intravenous Urography	2
	Retrograde Urethrography	2
<b>UNIT-3</b>	Micturation Cysto-Urethrography	2
	Percutaneous nephrostomy	2
	<b>Special Procedures</b>	2
	Introduction, pathology of biliary tree, indications, apparatus, procedure and patient care.	
	Oral Cholecystography	1
	Percutaneous Transhepatic Cholangiography	
	T-Tube Cholangiography	
	Bronchography	1
	Arthrography	1
	Myelography	1
	Dacrocystography (DCG)	1
<b>UNIT -4</b>	Endoscopic Retrograde CholangioPancreatography	1
	Sialography	1
	<b>G.I.Tract</b>	2
	Introduction, pathology of GI tract, indications, apparatus, procedure and patient care.	
	Barium Swallow	2
	Barium Meal Study	

  
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	Small bowel Enema	
	Barium meal Follow Through	
	Barium Enema	
	Double Contrast Studies	
	Gastro-graffin study, Hypotonic duodenography, defecography, Entroclysis	
<b>UNIT-5</b>	Introduction, Indications, Contraindications, Apparatus, Procedure technique and Patient Care-	2
	Hysterosalpingography (HSG), High K.V Technique, Soft tissue Radiography, Air gap technique,	2
	Miscellaneous Discography, Myelography, Harniogram, Pouchogram, loopogram, invertogram, Scanogram, Fistulogram, sinogram, Arthrography, Pelvimetry, Forensic Radiography Foreign bodies Radiography, soft tissue radiography, high kVp radiographic technique. Micro & Macro radiography	
	Care and maintenance	
	Maintenance and care of all X-Ray equipment and accessories	

### Special Investigations & Pathology (Practical)

B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>- - 2 Int. Assessment:</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

Topic
1. Radiography in various positions for all the special radiological procedures, using contrast media
2. Identification of various films for all the special radiological procedures, using contrast media and related pathologies

  
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**Nuclear Medicine & PET Scan**  
B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 - 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

UNIT-1	<b>Nuclear Medicine</b>	3
	Role of Artificial intelligence in nuclear medicine & its future	
	Applications and Apparatus for nuclear medicine	
	Introduction of Radioactivity & its decay type	
	Electromagnetic spectrum	
UNIT-2	<b>Gamma Camera</b>	6
	Application, Function and instrumentation	
UNIT-3	<b>SPECT</b>	2
	Definition	
	Applications	3
UNIT-4	Clinical uses, advantages & disadvantages	2
	<b>PET CT &amp; PET MRI</b>	2
	Instrumentation of PET & its uses	
	Benefits vs risk	
	PET-CT	3
UNIT-5	PET-MRI	3
	<b>Radionuclides</b>	4
	Production of radionuclide & its type	
	Handling of radionuclide	
	Characteristics and half-life of Radionuclides.	
	Commonly used Radionuclides	2
	<b>Protocols- Routine protocols</b>	4
	Bone, Thyroid, Kidney, Heart	
	Indication, contraindications of PET Scans- Indication and contraindications of PET	4
	Patient Preparation- Patient preparation technique in PET Scan	2

  
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## **NUCLEAR MEDICINE & PET SCAN**

**B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**

**- - 2 Int. Assessment:**

**Examination:**

**30 Marks**

**20 Marks**

**Total:**

**50 Marks**

1. Nuclear Medicine Protocol & application
2. Physics & construction of Gamma Camera
3. PET CT & PET MRI application
4. Radionuclides & their uses



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## Magnetic Resonance Imaging-Basic principle and techniques (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**

**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**

<b>UNIT-1</b>	Introduction of MRI Basic principle of MRI history of MRI	Must Know	10
	Introduction, atomic structure, motion within the atom, Hydrogen nucleus, alignment, precession, Larmour equation, resonance, MR signal, FID, law of electromagnetism	Must know	
	T1 relaxation time, T2 decay time, pulse timing parameter, Extrinsic parameter & Intrinsic parameter.	Must know	
<b>UNIT-2</b>	MRI Equipment description& Instrumentation- Introduction, magnetism, permanent magnet, resistive magnet, superconducting magnet, fringe field, shim coil, gradient coil, RF coil, the pulse control unit, patient transportation system, operator interface	Must know	5
<b>UNIT-3</b>	Image weighting & contrast Introduction, image contrast, contrast mechanism, T1 contrast, T2 contrast, proton density contrast, image weighting, T1 weighting, T2 weighting, proton density weighting	Must Know	5
	Encoding & Image Display Encoding- introduction, gradient, slice selection, frequency encoding, phase encoding gradients, K-space, K-space filling and its role	Must Know	5
<b>UNIT-4</b>	Factors that affect image quality & Trade off Introduction to SNR & CNR, factors effect on SNR & CNR, spatial resolution, scan time, Trade's off	Must know	5
	Artifacts: Introduction, phase mis-mapping, aliasing artifact, chemical shift artifacts, chemical misregistration artifact, truncation artifact, magnetic susceptibility artifact, zipper artifact, shading artifact, motion related artifacts, cross excitation or cross talk artifacts	Desirable to know	5
<b>UNIT-5</b>	Pulse Sequences Introduction of spin Echo pulse sequence-conventional, Fast spin echo, Inversion recovery, Gradient pulse sequence, Conventional gradient echo, The steady state, Coherent residual transverse magnetization, incoherent gradient pulse sequence, SSFP, EPI, Balanced gradient	Must Know	5

  
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## **Magnetic Resonance Imaging-Basic principle and techniques (Practical)**

**B. Sc. Semester IV (BRIT)**

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>- - 2 Int. Assessment:</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

- 1) Physics, scanning principle and image formation in MRI
- 2) Equipment of MRI
- 3) Identification of different parts of MR scanner
- 4) Applications of various procedures in well-equipped Hospitals and Diagnostic Centers
- 5) MR artefact & its remedy.

  
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## MRI Imaging protocols & Clinical Applications (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination:** 60 Marks  
**Int. Assessment:** 40 Marks  
**Total:** 100 Marks  
**Duration of Examination:** 3 Hours

UNIT-1	Flow phenomena- Mechanism of flow, time of flight phenomena, entry slice phenomena, intra voxel dephasing Flow phenomena compensation- Introduction, gradient moment rephrasing, pre saturation, even echo rephrasing.	Must Know	5
UNIT-2	Contrast media- Introduction, uses & methodology, mechanism of action, dipole- dipole interaction, magnetic susceptibility, relaxivity, gadolinium safety, feridex safety, application of contrast agent	Must Know	5
UNIT-3	Advancement in MRI Functional imaging in MRI Spectroscopy & its technique DTI Perfusion & its application	Must Know	10
UNIT-4	Special MRI Protocol MRCP, Urography MR guided biopsy Cardiac imaging MRI Breast Imaging	Must know	10
UNIT-5	MR angiography Cerebral Angiography Carotid Angiography Pulmonary Angiography  Peripheral Angiography Abdominal Angiography Cardiac Angiography Chamber imaging	Must know	10

  
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## **MRI Imaging protocols & Clinical Applications (Practical)**

**B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)**

<b>L T P Credits</b>	<b>Examination:</b>	<b>30 Marks</b>
<b>- - 2 Int. Assessment:</b>	<b>20 Marks</b>	
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>50 Marks</b>

1. Principles of magnetic resonance imaging, Instrumentation, basis of magnetic relaxation of T1W & T2W, Image contrast and noise, Inversion recovery pulse sequence, Rapid scan techniques, Fast spin-echo and echo-planar imaging, Fast and water signal separation methods.
2. Spectroscopy, Artifacts, Flow phenomena, Contrast agents, Interventional magnetic resonance imaging, Bioeffects and safety,
3. MRI Breasts, liver, Adrenal gland, kidney, Urinary bladder, Knee, Shoulder, Brain, Salivary gland, Spine, Neck, CE Angiography, perfusion, Dynamic MRI, Spectroscopy, MRCP, Function MRI etc.



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## Interventional in Diagnostic Radiology (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 - 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks  
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

UNIT-1	<b>Introduction of Interventional Radiology</b>	2
	Definition	
	Indication	2
	Clinical Application	2
	Advantages, disadvantages & risks	2
UNIT-2	<b>Name of different type of Procedures and description All MRI Angiography</b>	2
	All C.T. Angiography	2
	All Biopsy, FNAC, MRI Guided.	2
	All Biopsy, FNAC, USG Guided.	2
	All Biopsy, FNAC CT Scan Guided	2
	USG, CT Scan Guided Tapping	2
	Nerve Blocks.	2
	Radiofrequency Ablation	2
	Stereotactic Brain Biopsy	2
UNIT-3	DSA- Introduction & its various techniques like DSA chain, electronic subtraction, dual energy, k-edge, mask, hybrid, TID subtraction.	2
	Its application (vascular & nonvascular procedures)	2
	Instrumentation	2
	All DSA procedures	2
	Its advantages, disadvantages, Risks vs benefits ratio	2
	Patient's preparation for DSA procedures	2
UNIT-4	Role of artificial intelligence in interventional radiology & future aspect of AI	2

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## **Interventional in Diagnostic Radiology (Practical)**

**B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**

**- - 2 Int. Assessment:**

**Examination:**

**20 Marks**

**30 Marks**

**Total:**

**50 Marks**

1. Equipment construction & physics.
2. All angiography procedure & its technique
3. All biopsy & technique
4. Basic of digital subtraction angiography & its technique.
5. Application of vascular & nonvascular procedure in interventional radiology



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## CT Imaging protocols& Clinical Applications (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination:** 60 Marks  
**Int. Assessment:** 40 Marks  
**Total:** 100 Marks  
**Duration of Examination:** 3 Hours

UNIT-1	<b>NCCT</b> Brain, Face, Sinuses, Mastoid	Must Know	8
	Neck,		
	Abdomen, Pelvis,		
	Triple phase imaging, LAI		
	Extremities: Indications. Contraindications, Patient preparation, Protocols and patient care		
UNIT-2	<b>Contrast Enhanced Computed Tomography</b> Brain, Face, Sinuses, Mastoid	Must Know	10
	Neck,		
	Pituitary, IAC		
	Abdomen, Pelvis,		
	Extremities: Indications. Contraindications, Patient preparation, Protocols and patient care		
UNIT-3	Angiography & its technique Cerebral angiography carotid angiography Pulmonary angiography Abdominal angiography Renal angiography Peripheral angiography	Must Know	10
UNIT-4	Special Procedure its technique & reconstruction method Virtual CT-bronchoscopy, colonoscopy etc. CT Enterography, CT guided Biopsy procedures CT Urography CT Fluoroscopy	Must Know	10
UNIT-5	coronary angiography & its technique Calsium scoring, Cardiac gating, & its image reconstruction	Must Know	2

  
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## **CT Imaging protocols& Clinical Applications (Practical)**

**B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**

**- - 2 Int. Assessment:**

**20 Marks**

**Examination:**

**30 Marks**

**Total:**

**50 Marks**

### **PRACTICAL**

#### **CT Clinical Applications & Imaging Protocols**

Application of various advanced procedures in well equipped Hospital and Diagnostic Centers:

1. All angiography procedures,
2. Liver triple phase
3. CT guided Biopsy
4. CT guided FNAC
5. Enterography



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## Hospital Management & medical ethics (Theory)

B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)

**L T P Credits**  
3 1 - 4

**Examination:** 60 Marks  
**Int. Assessment:** 40 Marks  
**Total:** 100 Marks  
**Duration of Examination:** 3 Hours

UNIT-1	<b>Introduction to hospital staffing-</b> Hospital staffing, administration, PACS, HIS, RIS, DICOM	3
	<b>Medical records and documentation-</b> Medical records and documentation	3
UNIT-2	<b>Legal &amp; medical issues'</b> Legal issues in radiology department, PNDT Act. Ethical issues in radiology, patient rights, patient responsibility, legal concerns, History taking, patient monitoring, inform consent, mal-practice, patient privacy issues.	3
	<b>Professional ethics-</b> Professional ethics and Code of conduct of radiographer	3
UNIT-3	<b>Handling of patients</b> Seriously ill and traumatized patients, visually impaired, hearing and speech impaired patients, mentally impaired patients/ psychologically issues, infectious patients, critical/trauma patients, pregnant patient, patient with implant. Handling of patient with life threatening diseases like HIV, STD, HBsAG, etc.	4
UNIT-4	<b>Departmental Safety &amp; Infection Control</b> Safety from hazards due to radiation (x-ray, gamma, radioisotopes, MRI, IV contrast media) electricity etc	3
	<b>Infection control</b> Skin care, donning of gowns, gloves, face masks, head caps, shoe covers	2
	<b>Vitals signs-</b> Vital signs. How to measure vital signs	2
	<b>Body mechanics and transferring &amp; shifting of patient</b> Draw sheet lift, use of slide boards, wheelchair to couch, couch to wheelchair, couch to table, three men lift and four men lift Orthodox & Austrian method etc.	4
	<b>First aid-</b> Artificial respiration, hemostasis, first aid techniques, ABCD management	3
UNIT-5	<b>Anesthesia-</b> Local anesthesia and general anesthesia, uses in hospital, Facilities regarding general Anesthesia in the X-ray department. <b>Adverse reactions-</b> Management of adverse reactions to contrast media	4

  
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**Research Methodology & Biostatistics**  
**B. Sc. Semester V (BRIT)**

**L T P Credits**  
**3 1 - 4**

**Examination: 60 Marks**  
**Int. Assessment: 40 Marks**  
**Total: 100 Marks**  
**Duration of Examination: 3 Hours**



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## Subject: Neuro imaging Workup in Pre-surgical Evaluation

B Sc. Semester V (BRIT)

L T P Credits  
3 1 0 4

Examination: 60 Marks  
Int. Assessment: 40 Marks  
Total: 100 Marks  
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Unit	Content	Hour
UNIT-1	Unit 1- Introduction to refractory epilepsy, pre-surgical evaluation, role of imaging modalities.	8
UNIT-2	Unit 2 :Introduction to neuro- imaging techniques, Principles, Advantages & Disadvantages, Recent advances. Introduction to Emission Computed Tomography (ECT) systems. Principles and applications of SPECT, Principles and applications of PET, Principles and applications of CT, System components of CT, Contrast Scale for different neuro- imaging techniques.	10
UNIT-3	Unit 3- Introduction to MRI system, Principles of MRI and fMRI, Basic MR components, Biological Effect on MR Imaging, Advantage of MR Imaging system.	12
UNIT-4	Unit 4- Introduction to BCI, Applications of BCI, Introduction to MEG, Applications of MEG, Advantage and disadvantage of MEG.	10

  
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